

THE VICTORIA DAILY STANDARD.

VOLUME 2.

VICTORIA, V. I., SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 7, 1871.

NUMBER 15.

THE DAILY STANDARD.

A. DECOSMOS,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR

TERMS.

One Year	\$1.00
One Month	5.00
Two Months	2.50
Three Months	2.00
Four Months	1.50
Five Months	1.25
Six Months	1.00
Seven Months	0.85

Two Months

WEEKLY STANDARD,
PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY MORNING.

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When paid by small the paper will be sent to any part of the Colonies, 2 cents per number; to Canada and England, 4 cents; to the United States after July 1st, 1 cent.

AGENTS.

Mr. Hart...	Cowichan
Mr. Beaumont...	Maple Bay
Mr. M. Harvey...	Neah Bay
Mr. W. W. Macleay...	Port Renfrew
Mr. J. G. Macleay...	Tale to Carl
Mr. Harlow...	Mount of Queenstown
Mr. Alice...	15th October
Mr. Hart...	20th October
Mr. Hart...	London

20% A Liberal Discount given to Agents.

Business Cards.

G. W. A. Lange,	WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER,
Watches, &c.,	Yates Street.
Chronometers repaired	ly

S. I. Kelly,	Wells, Fargo & Co., Yates street.
	ly

San Juan Island	Lime Company.
lime from the above well-known kiln—in any quantity—will be obtained at the lowest market rates on application to N. J. BAILEY, LaGey, Victoria, or at the kiln on the Bailey.	ly

MITCHELL & JOHNSTON,

SEED AND NURSERYMEN, LANDSCAPE	Gardeners, &c., &c., Occidental Buildings, Fort Street.
Wells, Fargo & Co.,	ly

GRAPH HOTEL,

STREET,

1 and 2nd Floor.

ASSURANCE CO.

YORK TERR.

General Agent for B. C.

W. H. T. TELMAN,

Proprietor.

DR. J. H. TELMAN,

DR. J

To Our Readers.
Any neglect on the part of our Carriers to deliver the STANDARD at the proper time and place will be promptly remedied on application at the Postmaster's Office; next door to the Bank of British Columbia, Government Street.

The Daily Standard.
Saturday, January 7, 1871.

Responsible Government.

Hearing is one thing, and reading another. Those who heard the Governor's speech opening the Legislature seemed well pleased; but if we were to judge from the generally expressed opinion of those who have read it, we must conclude that there has never been a gubernatorial utterance on such an occasion, that has produced so much general satisfaction. This feeling is not caused by a full acquiescence with all that the speech contains, for there are questions referred to in it that will cause some considerable discussion; but it is because the great questions of Confederation and Responsible Government are dealt with in such a plain business way, that there is no mistaking the views and purposes of the Government, and because there seems to be a real earnest attempt for once to meet the wishes of the people; and a desire to make such concessions as will bring the people in accord with the Government of the day. There is a full acknowledgement that the Colony is in a transitory condition—in fact an admission that it has ceased to be as great an extent as formerly under the despotism of Downing Street and its local representatives,—and that not only has Crown Colonyship ceased in British Columbia once and forever, and a quasi-representative Government been inaugurated in its place; but that the full measure of self-government, as a Province of the Dominion, will be conceded. Confederation we consider to be carried, and the question of self-government is narrowed down to a debatable point between the Government and the representatives of the people, as to whether we shall have Responsible Government inaugurated simultaneously with Confederation or six months afterwards. On this particular point, so far as we can gather public opinion, there is a generally expressed wish that the irresponsible system of Government that now exists here shall cease and determine on the day on which Confederation shall be proclaimed. The first objection proposed in the Speech to the popular wish is that if it be the desire of the country to have Confederation inaugurated at an early day, it will be "practically impossible" to get Responsible Government simultaneously. This may be strictly true if we wish Confederation to take place on April fool's day, at any time before the first of July next. But we really are unable to discover any practical impossibility in having both inaugurated at the latter period. The present session of the Legislature, it is hoped, will not last longer than the middle of February. If a bill be passed before it rises, we see no difficulty in having the districts proclaimed, the voters registered, and a general election over within three months after its rising. That will be the middle of May next. Or if the middle of June be substituted, there will be four months. Certainly that ought to be time enough to complete any matter now unfinished, so far as this Colony is concerned. We do not admit any doubt as to whether the Canadian Parliament will accept the terms, but we hold that they will. Hence, it will really be the fault of our own Government and of our own popular representatives, if Responsible Government be not inaugurated simultaneously with Confederation.

ISRAEL IN HONOR.—KING VICTOR EMANUEL'S EMANCIPATION OF THE JEWS WAS HOLY CITY.—The Official Gazette of the Kingdom of Italy, contained, a few days ago, a royal decree, extremely brief in its terms, but pregnant with an amount of human happiness, or at least putting an end to human misery, such as rarely is secured or averted by the acts of modern sovereignty. The decree, which is to take effect immediately, is that all citizens of the annexed Roman provinces placed on the same footing as regards civil rights. Four thousand eight hundred Jews, huddled in the Ghetto, and who, until a very few years ago, were forcibly penned up there in the huge iron gates being closed at nightfall, and neither ingress nor egress permitted by the law, and the following morning, are thus disengaged. What episodes of misery, what epochs of persecution are suggested by their banished forms and their querulous cries! The horrid den in which they are cooped up was assigned to them about the middle of the sixteenth century, by Pope Paul IV., with the benevolent view of preserving Catholicism from the contagion of their intercourse. In 1847, permissions were given for the first time to Jews to dwell beyond the precincts of the Ghetto; but even then only in its immediate vicinity. These permissions, however, were never granted in all respects; not even in writing. The Jews were in all respects the Pariahs of society. To vex and oppress them was a thing pleasing to God and man. Their testimony was not considered as valid in any court of law, so that a Christian who killed a Jew, in the presence of twenty Jewish witnesses remained unpunished for want of proof. They could not possess real property, a disqualification which, unheedingly, existed too long in countries more enlightened. They were debarred from all the liberal professions, from attendance on the public schools and academies—the only exception in their favor being the permission to attend the medical lectures at the University. It has required that whole influence of the house of Rothschild, brought with a direct pressure on the Papal Government, to obtain, but very recently, from Pius IX., permission for some of the young pupils, of one of the great financers to attend the mathematical lectures at the University. A Jew was not allowed to be a locksmith. Jews capable of making locks and keys would likewise be capable of entering, without the knowledge of the owners, Christian houses.

New Advertisements.

TUESDAY.

J. P. DAVIES & CO

WILL SELL AT

Salesroom, Wharf Street,

Tuesday, Jan. 10th,

AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M.

Chairs, Tables, Stoves, Glassware, Silverplatedware, Clocks, Table Cloths, Blankets, Coal Oil Lamps, Brooms & Buckets, Etc.

—ALSO—

The Mass Traps of the Ward Room Officers of the Beaver.

—ALSO—

A lot of Valuable Books.

J. P. DAVIES, Auctioneer

SATURDAY.

Buggies,

Horses,

Milch Cows.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.

WILL SELL AT

CATTLE SALE

YARD,

Fort Street.

Saturday, Jan. 14th,

AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON.

Particulars on Tuesday

OREGON PRODUCE.

Per California from Portland,

CONSISTING OF—

 FLOUR,

 LARD,

 APPLES,

 PEARS, &c.

For Sale by

J. Robertson Stewart,

WHARF STREET.

Notice of Removal.

VANCOUVER BAKERY,

FORT STREET.

GEORGE THOMPSON

HAVING REMOVED TO HIS NEW STORE Three

Doors east of Douglas street, thanks the inhabitants of Victoria and the neighborhood for the liberal reception they have given him, and hopes that the success of the reduction of wages to less than living rates, will be thankful for any contributions which may be headed to us for the above object.

Genuine Brown Bread.

W. G. COUCH,

T. WALL,

G. THAINFIELD.

Victoria, Jan. 10th, 1871.

French Benevolent Society.

A PREPARATORY MEETING OF

the above Society will be held in the Hotel de Ville, Victoria, on Sunday, the 16th day of January, 1871, at 2 p.m.

The object of the meeting is to have the Reports of the various Committees, and to consider any amendment which may be brought forward in the Report of the Secretary.

The meeting will be held in the Hotel de Ville, Victoria, on Sunday, the 16th day of January, 1871, at 2 p.m.

W. G. COUCH, President.

For Sale.

A THREE HORSE POWER THRASHING

Machine to be sold for \$100, Price \$125.

J. J. COUCH,

Apply to this office.

To Let.

TWO COTTAGES CONTAINING FIVE

Rooms, in the suburbs of the city. Rent \$5.

J. J. COUCH,

THOS. ALLISON,

Government Street.

To Let.

FURNISHED ROOMS WITH FIRE PLACES.

Apply to

MRS. MACHENY,

Broughton Street.

A Card.

HAVING LEARNED THAT CERTAIN

interested parties are spreading the report that

the Rev. Mr. Buxton and Stage Line will not continue to be run, I beg to inform all that

not only will that business be conducted with all

possible efficiency, but that arrangements are nearly matured for greatly reducing the rate of charges and increasing the efficiency of the service, as soon as possible.

J. J. COUCH.

For Sale.

A First Class French Cook Engaged.

For Room for Private Parties and Families—
WHITE & PAGE.

oc 6m

CALL AT THE

Saanich Poultry Market.

YATES STREET, 2 doors from Government.

For Your Christmas

TURKEYS & GEESE.

oc 10m

W. ROWLAND.

Victoria, Dec. 21, 1870.

100m

JAMES FRAIN,

Sprout's Wharf, Store Street.

Victoria, Dec. 21, 1870.

100m

W. ROWLAND.

Victoria, Dec. 21, 1870.

100m

J. H. TURNER,

Government Street.

Victoria, Dec. 21, 1870.

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W. ROWLAND.

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G. HORNOR, Secretary
- Agent.
Victoria.

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the best Wines, Liquors,
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Saloon,
YATES ST.
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LIAMS,
Saleable, Streets.
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POKER and office diaries for 1871, and il-
lustrated and other almanacs for 1871, to be had at T. N. Hibben & Co.'s Government
store.

The Daily Standard

Saturday, January 7, 1871.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED.

Jan 6 - State Enterprise, Swanson, New Westminster

CLEAR: D.

Jan 6 - None

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALDEONIAN SOCIETY.

An annual meeting for the election of officers of this society was held last evening when the following were elected: President, Mr. James Orr; Vice-Presidents, Messrs. Butherford and A. B. Gray; Secretaries, Messrs. J. H. Lawson and John Ross; Treasurer, Mr. Donald McKay; Physician, James Trimble, M. D.; Chaplain, Rev. S. McGregor; Directors, Messrs. A. Young, R. P. Ritter, James Burns, J. Muirhead, R. Semple, J. Liddle, J. Stewart; Wardens, Messrs. T. Innes and J. Marwick.

POISONED WITH TOBACCO. — Mrs. Luella Gross has died in Maine from the excessive use of tobacco for one hundred and seven years; and to show the insidious nature of the poison, it is stated that she enjoyed apparently perfect health all the time her constitution was being undermined. This should serve as a warning to people who use the word.

THE LADY LAMPS. — This vessel was towed yesterday morning, by the steamer Enterprise from Esquimalt, and moored alongside the H. B. Company's wharf, where she is to remain until she has discharged her cargo this morning at 10 o'clock. Consignees ought to call at the Company's office, pay freight, and receive orders for their goods.

AGAIN IN THE FIELD. — Mr. A. H. Francis whose store with contents was totally destroyed by fire recently, has opened the Beehive store a few doors above the Temperance Hotel on Fort Street, where he will be glad to see all his old friends & customers. He has a splendid assortment of groceries etc. on hand.

MANANO DEPUTATION. — The miners composing the delegation from Nanaimo, who arrived on Thursday on the Sir J. Douglas, to try and collect money or provisions for the poor families at Nanaimo who are almost destitute, called on several citizens yesterday, succeeded in the object of their mission.

INDIANS AS WHEAT GROWERS. — We understand that the Indians on the reservation in North Saanich, have sown several acres of wheat. This shows an advancement in civilization among the savages. In Cowichan they have also several acres of land under cultivation this season.

VERY SAD. — A Buffalo reporter has been excited by witnessing the loading upon an express wagon of several pigs valued at one million two hundred thousand dollars. The memory of that species will forever haunt that unfortunate reporter, living on fifteen dollars a week in currency.

ACCIDENT. — On Wednesday night, the elder son of Mr. L. Ziegler, met with an accident whereby he fractured his knee. This is the second time within six months, that the same knee was fractured. It appears he was going down a step, when he missed his footing, and tumbled, thus causing an accident.

THE SANJAC ROAD. — We have heard a great many complaints lately about the state of the roads leading to North and South Saanich. It is impossible for farmers to get their produce to market over such roads.

PETITION. — A petition is being circulated in the farming districts, and numerously signed, asking the Legislative Council to make provision for the protection of the farmers in case they adopt the Canadian Tariff for this colony. It will be presented to the House during the coming week.

PROBERT SALE. — On Thursday next, Mr. J. Probert will hold a large sale of property at his store on Wharf street. For those wishing cheap property, now is the time to purchase it, before the rush for Omicron comes in the Spring.

NEW DEMOCRATIC ORGAN. — One hundred and fifty thousand dollars has been raised to establish a 5th class Democratic paper in San Francisco. The company offered \$100,000 for an old established city daily, in order to get into the telegraph combination.

A gallant was lately sitting beside his father, and being unable to think of anything else to say, asked her why she was like a tailor. "I don't know," she said with a passing lip, "unless it's because I'm sitting with a goose."

SCOTTISH CHAMPS. — At a late bar-maid show in London, there were 38 competitors. Miss Summers, who had number one bar, and became number one in the list of prizes, and became the fortunate winner of a purse of 20 sovereigns and a gold watch and chain.

REMARKS. — John Wadsworth was brought up yesterday before the Police Court yesterday morning, charged with stealing a quantity of bedding from a Chinaman. The prisoner was further remanded until Monday.

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CATHOLIC VIEW OF THE POPE'S POSITION. — According to Archishop Spalding, who is the leading prelate of the Roman Catholic Church in America, Pope Pius IX. is in a much worse position than most men had supposed—or in other words, that the absorption of Rome by Italy is a more important step than the public generally had imagined. He maintains that the Holy Father "is a prisoner to all intents and purposes," that "the invasion of the Papal territory by King Victor Emmanuel transpired in guilt, any outrage of the century;" that the plebiscite submitted to the people was a sham and a farce and that, "the Ecclesiastical Council would have insisted a year or so longer if it had not been for this treacherous invasion." There were, he adds, forty important questions left untouched when the Council broke up. Why did it break up? Because, says this distinguished prelate, "the bishops had to fly for their lives," and "murder at this moment stalks in challenge through the streets of Rome." There are serious assertions to come from such a source.

RED, RED, RED. — The best photographs to be had at Shakespeare's Photographic Studio, Government street, Victoria, next door to the Theatre, first floor.

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS. — A beautiful assortment of Fancy Goods for the season, will be ready for sale at the London House, on Saturday next, Dec. 17th.

EX POSITION. — Officers' Water-Proof Rubber Coats, for sale at D. Green's clothing store, Government street, two doors from St. Nicholas Hotel.

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By Electric Telegraph.

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY STANDARD.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

EASTERN STATES.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6—(Continued from yesterday)—And a gross insult to the honor and dignity of the United States. They approached the action of the President of the United States, and drawing "the American Mial," and Mr. McMillan, from the Government of Paraguay, and declining to have further diplomatic intercourse with that Government, and they are to it to clearly the duty of United States Naval officers, in foreign stations, to render all possible assistance to diplomatic officers of the United States or discharge of their duties, and the refusal to neglect to render such assistance when required, or any display by such naval officers, to such diplomatic officers, should be a subject of enquiry and punishment by the naval department. Lutts moved an additional resolution disapproving the conduct of Capt. C. H. Davis, in delaying for an unreasonable time, and proceeding to Messrs. Bliss and Masterman, in accordance with his release in the manner and under the circumstances detailed in the testimony in revising, holding and treating them as prisoners. Resolution was offered by Swain, from the Minority Committee, denouncing the arrest and detention of Messrs. Bliss and Masterman, while under the protection of the American flag. An outrage which demanded prompt reparation, and condemned Waugh for having submitted to an insult by President Lopez, and left Bliss and Masterman, at the mercy of the Paraguayan authorities, for not having assumed a hostile or unfriendly attitude towards President Lopez and the Paraguayan Government, and for giving a safe conduct to Bliss and Masterman both adverbially of doubtful retribution with his legation. They release Gordian and Davis from all blame, and declare that no legislation on the subject is required by the dire misfortune to be inflicted by the owners of the peacock's plumes.

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The Prince's Crown of Peacock Feathers.

From the Gosses Journal.

A most curious record is left of the cabinet de toilette belonging to the Emperor. It is said that the Prince Imperial had obtained leave to attire himself for the private fancy ball given by the Princess Mathilde, on the occasion of his birthday, last March. The costume chosen by the Prince was that of a Chinese mandarin, and the Empress being confined to her apartment by an attack of influenza, had expressed a wish to see him in his dressing room. He entered the dressing room, and the Empress, in a small cap, made of peacock feathers, and the ornaments of emeralds; but the Empress, undazzled by its beauty, while the rest of the company were expatiating fondly on the soft taste and fitness of the costume, had turned pale as she gazed upon it. The old Spanish superstition concerning the invincibility of peacock feathers, which lies behind the crown of gold destined to be lost, had rung in her mind, and she tore it from the Prince's hand, declaring that he should not wear it in the ball, for the earnestness of manner with which the act was performed, left no hope of any reversal of the decree; and while the Empress was deeply grieved at the loss of the Prince's cap, the Empress flushed with rage, and the Prince's skull-cap still remains where he left it on the floor.

IN 1864, Alice was no obstacle to the progress of our victorious army; and the time will come when Alice will stop us. The British Chancery will stop us. On a German river, lies the mouth of two German rivers, lies a German island (Heligoland) which was torn from us by force of arms. We must recover that piece of ground too. That its possession is of great importance to us has been shown by the present war. If Heligoland had belonged to us, the French fleet could not have shelter or pilots to lead it into the harbors of the North Sea.

Suppose, however, good contemporary, what would happen if Prussia had been victorious? France would have been trampled up in a short time. Has it ever occurred that the hand has been stretched out too far, and cannot be withdrawn? That a few defeats of the army round Paris would bring back the French to their former strength.

It is a strong proof of the invincibility of Alice that the Emperor, who was almost entirely surrounded by the French, was not able to withdraw his hand from the hand of Alice.

Origin of Breakfast. — We all know the origin of roast pig, as described by Charles Lamb, and now we find a contemporary fact recalled regarding the origin of bacon, which is imputed to a similar source: Lucius Plautius, Roman of rank, was ordered by the Emperor Trajan, for some offence, to act as one of the menial sacrifices to Jupiter. He resisted, but was at length dragged to the altar, and the fragments of the victim were laid upon the fire, and the unfortunate senator was forced to compelled to this familiar designation.

In the process of roasting, a slice of bacon slipped off the coals, and was caught by Charles Plautius in his fall. It burned his fingers, and he instinctively thrust them into his mouth. In that moment he made the grand discovery that the taste of a slice thus carbuncled was infinitely beyond all the old cookery. A new expedient to save his dignity was suggested at the same time, and he at once evinced his obedience to the Emperor by seeming to go through the sacrifices with due regularity, and his scorn of the employment by turning the whole ceremony into a matter of apparel. He swallowed a slice of bacon, and invented the *bacon*. A discovery of this magnitude could not long remain secret, and the sacrifice began to disappear with a rapidity and satisfaction to the parties too extraordinary to be unnoticed. The priests of Jupiter adopted the practice with delight, and the King of Olympus must have been soon starved if he depended on any share of the good things of Rome. It is not told who invented the high price of bacon.

GEX D'AURELLES DE PAZINIS, the victor of Uzzen, is a soldier trained in Africa, under the eyes of Carthaginians, who frequently spoke of the "crown of gold" in the terms, and predicted that he would accomplish great things if ever the opportunity presented itself. In 1860, he was sent to the agents of Louis Napoleon sought to corrupt the young soldier and entice him to the "coup d'etat," but their efforts were completely unsuccessful. At that time he was a Brigadier-General, and the prospects open to him had succumbed, would have been dazzling. High command, opportunity of all these prizes were within his grasp. But being of true republican material, he refused to be corrupted and unconditional. From that moment he was a marked man. His equals were assassinated in military service; his subordinates rose to command over him, and the general would not follow. The conquest was overwhelming defeat; since then seventy years have come and gone, and the positions of the two combatants reversed. France is crushed and in operation against Prussia, when France fought. The lesson ought to be very easily learned, not only by France, but by on-lookers at the fray. Blundering, incompetency and dishonesty land a nation where France is a day, and where Prussia was 60 years ago.

It is a trite remark that history repeats itself. The present war affords a notable example. Lord Palmerston, writing in his diary long ago, ascribes the overthrow of Prussia in 1860, by Napoleon I. to the all-averaging combination and administration, incapacity, everywhere manifest, which had altogether sapped the strength of the nation. The low moral tone of the

